contrary, that the pneumoconiosis arose out of such employment.

(b) In any other case, the claimant must submit the evidence necessary to establish that the pneumoconiosis from which the deceased miner suffered, arose out of employment in the Nation's coal mines. (See $$410.110\ (h)$, (i), (j), (k), (l), and (m).)

§410.458 Irrebuttable presumption of death due to pneumoconiosis—survivor's claim.

There is an irrebuttable presumption that the death of a miner was due to pneumoconiosis if he suffered from a chronic dust disease of the lung which meets the requirements of §410.418.

§410.462 Presumption relating to respirable disease.

(a) Even though the existence of pneumoconiosis as defined in §410.110 (o)(1) is not established as provided in §410.454(a), if a deceased miner was employed for 10 years or more in the Nation's coal mines and died from a respirable disease, it will be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that his death was due to pneumoconiosis arising out of employment in a coal mine

(b) Death will be found due to a respirable disease when death is medically ascribed to a chronic dust disease, or to another chronic disease of the lung. Death will not be found due to a respirable disease where the disease reported does not suggest a reasonable possibility that death was due to pneumoconiosis. Where the evidence establishes that a deceased miner suffered from pneumoconiosis or a respirable disease and death may have been due to multiple causes, death will be found due to pneumoconiosis if it is not medically feasible to distinguish which disease caused death or specifically how much each disease contributed to causing death.

§410.470 Determination by nongovernmental organization or other governmental agency.

The decision of any nongovernmental organization or any other governmental agency that an individual is, or is not, disabled for purposes of any contract, schedule, regulation, or law, or

that his death was or was not due to a particular cause, shall not be determinative of the question of whether or not an individual is totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis, or was totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis. As used in this section, the term other governmental agency includes the Administration with respect to a determination or decision relating to entitlement to disability insurance benefits under section 223 of the Social Security Act, since the requirements for entitlement under the latter Act differ from those relating to benefits under this part. However, a final determination or decision that an individual is disabled for purposes of section 223 of the Social Security Act where the cause of such disability is pneumoconiosis, shall be binding on the Administration on the issue of disability with respect to claims under this part.

§410.471 Conclusion by physician regarding miner's disability or death.

The function of deciding whether or not an individual is totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis, or was totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis at the time of his death, or that his death was due to pneumoconiosis, is the responsibility of the Administration. A statement by a physician that an individual is, or is not, disabled, permanently disabled, totally disabled, totally and permanently disabled, unable to work, or a statement of similar import, being a conclusion upon the ultimate issue to be decided by the Administration, shall not be determinative of the question of whether or not an individual is under a disability. However, all statements and other evidence (including statements of the miner's physician) shall be considered in adjudicating a claim. In considering statements of the miner's physician, appropriate account shall be taken of the length of time he treated the miner.

§410.472 Consultative examinations.

Upon reasonable notice of the time and place thereof, any individual filing a claim alleging to be totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis shall present himself for and submit to reasonable physical examinations or tests, at the expense of the Administration, by a